



UW-Madison Police Department

Policy: 33.3

SUBJECT: TRAINING & EVALUATION PROGRAM

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POLICY:

The UW–Madison Police Department shall establish mandatory police recruit training prior to, during, and immediately following the law enforcement Academy. It shall also establish the foundation for a training and evaluation program for police officers, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers

DEFINITIONS:

“Training and Evaluation Program” refers to the initial training program designed to provide new police officers, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers with on-the-job experiences. This program is conducted following the completion of the WisDOJ required Law Enforcement Academy.

PROCEDURE:

33.3.1 POLICE RECRUIT TRAINING PRIOR TO ASSIGNMENT

- A. Upon hire, sworn personnel are required to attend and complete a recruit training program prior to assignment in any capacity in which they are permitted to carry a weapon or be placed in the position to make an arrest. Included in this category are those recruit officers with previous police experience who have not attended a basic recruit academy in the state of Wisconsin. Wisconsin Statute 165.85(4)(b)(1) indicates the total period during which a person may serve as a law enforcement officer on a temporary or probationary basis without completing a preparatory program of law enforcement training approved by the Law Enforcement Standards Board, which shall not exceed two (2) years. Wisconsin Administrative Code 3.01(1)(c) indicates that each trainee must successfully complete academy training within the original probationary period. Extensions and exemptions may be granted, but only in select cases.
- B. Recruit officers who have a gap in their police employment of more than three years shall be required to attend and successfully complete a police training academy.
- C. The Law Enforcement Standards Board of the Department of Justice Training and Standards Bureau establishes the length of training, course curriculum, and certification standards and procedures for training academies.
- D. Law enforcement officers who hold or have held employment as a certified or licensed law enforcement or tribal law enforcement officer in another state, or hold or have held military veteran status in a Military Occupational Specialty as a law enforcement officer (Military Police/Security Forces/Master of Arms), full-time for a minimum of one year beyond completion of academy training, fully empowered and paid for all hours worked, who continue to hold or voluntarily left employment within less than three years, may qualify to complete a reciprocity examination administered by the Bureau of Training and Standards of the Wisconsin Department of Justice.
- E. The state law enforcement training academy utilized by the department shall include the following:
 - 1. A curriculum based on the tasks of the most frequent assignment associated duties of officers who complete recruit training; and,

2. The use of evaluation techniques designed to measure competency in the required skills, knowledge, and abilities; and
3. An orientation handbook issued to all new recruit personnel at the time academy training begins. The Training Sergeant or designee shall ensure all department recruits receive such items.

33.3.2 TRAINING AND EVALUATION PROGRAM PURPOSE & SUPERVISION

The following shall govern the training and evaluation program purpose and supervision for new law enforcement officers, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers:

- A. During training, learning assignments shall be given to achieve a higher level of understanding by incorporating problem-oriented policing and community oriented policing skills. These learning assignments include, but are not limited to: learning activity packages or activity report problems.
- B. The Department training and evaluation combines training with objective evaluations to ensure that the standards of competent law enforcement officers, security officers and law enforcement dispatchers are met. The program is designed to accomplish the following:
 1. Improve the overall applicant screening process. The Training and Evaluation Program is one phase of the overall applicant screening process designed to facilitate on-the-job observations and performance assessment.
 2. Establish a probationary appraisal system. The program is designed to provide a valid, job-related, post-basic training academy evaluation of probationary law enforcement officer performance. In addition, the program shall provide comprehensive appraisal of probationary security officers and law enforcement dispatchers after a brief orientation period. The process utilizes a standardized and systematic approach to documenting probationary performance.
 3. Establish a program feedback process. The program provides an appraisal system to measure the effectiveness of the training process by allowing feedback to the appropriate sections from probationary law enforcement officers, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers.
 4. Improve the probationary training process. The program provides post-basic academy training to police officers as well as on-the-job training to police, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers. Training officers serve as role models in the development of the knowledge, skills, and abilities needed to perform duties and practical application of technical training.
 5. Prepare officers for advancement opportunities. The program prepares training officers for advancement opportunities by providing incentive for demonstration of proficiency in the knowledge, skills, and abilities needed to perform routine and emergency functions. While engaged in training, the training officer gains experience and knowledge and increases leadership, adult training, and evaluation skills.
 6. Establish a program to retrain patrol officers, security officers, and law enforcement dispatchers returning to work from extended absences:
 - a. Police officers who have been absent from patrol or community assignments for a period of 90 to 179 consecutive calendar days shall be assigned to a training officer for a minimum of 3 days, which may be extended at the discretion of the Training and Evaluation Unit Manager. Police officers who have been absent from patrol or community assignments for a period of 180 consecutive days or more shall be assigned to a training officer for a minimum 1-week period, which may be extended at the discretion of the unit commander. Probationary officers who are absent from duty for a period of 30 consecutive days or more shall be required to be assigned to a training officer for a minimum of 1-week.
 - b. Security officers who have been absent for a period of 90 consecutive calendar days or more shall be assigned to a training officer for a minimum of 3 days, which may be extended at the discretion of the Training and Evaluation Unit Manager.
 - c. Law enforcement dispatchers who have been absent for a period of 90 consecutive calendar days or more shall be assigned to a training officer for a minimum of 3 days, which may be extended at the discretion of the Training and Evaluation Unit Manager.
 - d. During the time such officers are assigned with a training officer, they shall not be subject to formalized evaluations by the training officer. The training officers' function is to re-familiarize the officer with agency forms and updated policy and procedures and ensure that the returning employee is provided opportunities to re-qualify in skill areas such as firearms if necessary.
 - e. Police officers returning to patrol from extended absences or assignments shall receive this retraining as part of their regularly scheduled patrol duties and shall be assigned as part of a 2-officer unit that can be utilized to handle such assignments.

- C. The Training and Evaluation Unit Manager for police is typically a Night Shift Lieutenant. The Training and Evaluation Unit Manager for security officers is the Security Manager. The Training and Evaluation Unit Manager for law enforcement dispatchers is the Law Enforcement Dispatch Manager (LEDMD). The Night Shift Lieutenant, Security Manager and the Law Enforcement Dispatch Manager perform the following functions:
1. Maintains responsibility for the general administration and evaluation of the police, security and dispatch training and evaluation programs; and oversees staff monitoring of all probationary police officers, law enforcement dispatchers and security officers for the duration of their probationary employment period.
 2. Monitors and evaluates, in conjunction with the patrol lieutenants, the overall development of probationary officers during the probationary period for the purpose of identifying deficiencies and resolving them through training; may recommend extension of training; and ensures that extensions are completed in accordance with standard training practices.
 3. Maintains responsibility for planning, directing, and evaluating training assignments and any changes in such assignments or variations in length.
 4. Sets the agenda and leads unit meetings to provide and receive firsthand information concerning probationary officer performance and to observe and evaluate the problem-solving and instructional techniques of the training officers.
 5. Reviews information pertaining to the probationary police officer's basic training academy performance on a regular basis.
- D. Each Field Services lieutenant has responsibility for monitoring the training and evaluation activities on their respective shifts. These Lieutenants shall receive training in the supervision of the training process. Their duties include the following:
1. Facilitating the sharing of information regarding the progress of probationary officers among shift supervisors, management personnel, and the Unit Coordinator.
 2. Ensuring that the training and evaluation process is properly administered, utilizing various sources of information including trainer and trainee logbook entries, oral communications with training officers, tests, and personal observations of probationary officer performance.
 3. Monitoring the shift sergeants' completion of coaching and training reports and ensuring that these are completed in a timely manner.
- E. A Training and Evaluation Unit Coordinator(s) shall be assigned to manage the day-to-day operations of the police, dispatch and security training program. This individual may be a sergeant or supervisor. The coordinator(s) responsibilities include:
1. Logistics of their specific program, including scheduling initial meetings to explain and assign probationers to the program, obtaining and creating sets of training materials, setting up training schedules, scheduling phase meetings, compiling training records, and setting up training officers' selection processes.
 2. Monitoring the training process and identify deficiencies, inform the manager of issues that need attention, are involved in discussions regarding extensions of training; and ensures that extensions are completed in accordance with standard training practices.
 3. Continuous evaluation of each probationary officer's training as it progresses, acting as a conduit for information flow from the probationary officers, training officers, supervisors, and managers, while facilitating changes in training assignments or variations in length.
 4. Gathering information pertaining from the Training Sergeant to the probationary officer's basic training academy performance on a regular basis.
- F. Training supervisors shall be, at various times, shift sergeants, security supervisors, or the Law Enforcement Dispatch Supervisor. The most immediate supervision of the process resides with the training supervisor, who has the dual responsibility of shift supervisor and the training and evaluation of probationary officers assigned to the shift. Training supervisors shall receive training in the supervision of the training and evaluation process. The duties of these supervisors include the following:
1. Keep other shift supervisors and management personnel informed of the progress of the probationary officers assigned to the shift.
 2. Ensure that the training and evaluation process is properly administered, utilizing various sources of information including trainer and trainee logbook entries, oral communications with training officers, tests, and personal observations of probationary officer performance.
 3. Be responsible for the weekly review of the probationary officer's training manual to determine whether it is up-to-date and properly completed.

4. Be responsible for the review of the probationary officer's reports along with the training officer.
 5. Complete the "Training Supervisor Form" and place it in the probationary officer's training binder and electronic training folder.
 6. Attend phase and unit meetings whenever possible and monitor the overall training of the probationary officers assigned to the shift to ensure that program standards are being met.
- G. All training and evaluation officers shall receive formal training. An assigned training and evaluation officer has the following duties:
1. Maintains responsibility for the training and evaluation of the probationary personnel assigned to them and for completion of required documentation for reporting progress.
 2. Assignment as a training evaluator for midterm and final evaluation weeks.
 3. Is a police officer, security officer lead, or a designated law enforcement dispatcher who has met all the posted qualifications.
 4. Fulfills the role of police officer, security officer, or law enforcement dispatcher with all entailed responsibilities, while acting as a trainer and evaluator of probationary officers.
 5. Assistance in the oral interview process for new employees, if needed. Police training officers may also be assigned background checks for prospective non-sworn employees.
 6. The Training Sergeant shall act as a liaison with academy staff during this period. Formal academy information (including trainee grades) shall be forwarded to the Assistant Chief(s) and disseminated as necessary. Documentation of an officer's performance shall reside in that officer's training file.
- H. Removal from the training role program.
1. The trainer serves at the discretion of the Department and may be demoted from assigned duties by the Chief of Police through a formal disciplinary process.
 2. The trainer may also request a voluntary demotion.
 3. Both voluntary and involuntary demotion processes will be handled according to UW-Madison and Department policies and procedures.
- I. If applicable, A Board of Evaluators (BOE) should include at least three members, one of which should be the commander or coordinator. Ideally, the BOE should consist of two additional impartial members who have not trained the trainee recently and are in the PTO cadre. The BOE should not include a trainer who trained the trainee during the final exam portion. The BOE's responsibilities include:
1. Reviewing and evaluating all trainee and training officer performance. Evaluations may include a review of activity reports, evaluation reports, and/or other written material relevant to the program
 2. Providing a written recommendation to the Captain of Field Services and the Assistant Chief of Operations on what action to consider regarding training, remedial training, or termination of a trainee or training officer from the training program.
 3. Developing recommendations for training and follow-up to be implemented during the subsequent probationary period.
- J. The PTO Coordinator and/or Commander shall conduct an exit interview of each trainee for the purpose of assessing the overall training experience.
- K. Probationary police, security officers, and dispatchers operate under the supervision of the program supervisor and a training officer. The training assignments shall be structured in advance. Adjustments in schedules must be approved by the program coordinator or manager. Extension of the training assignment occurs with the approval of the appropriate Captain. The Training and Evaluation Unit Manager shall notify the Field Services Captain of any extensions along with weekly updates. The Field Services Captain shall then notify the Assistant Chief(s) of any extensions. Probationary officers shall be rotated through various shifts, field assignments, and trainers in order to expose them to a variety of Department functions.

33.3.3 POLICE TRAINING AND EVALUATION PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- A. The Police Training and Evaluation Unit Coordinator shall ensure that the required training and evaluations of the trainee are completed during each of the phases. Although each phase is designed to include a minimum of 100 hours of training, the timeframe can be accelerated at the discretion of the Captain of Field Services.
- B. Successful completion of each phase is required for the probationary employee to move on to the next training phase.

The following outlines the phases of the police training and evaluation program:

1. Orientation Week. During orientation week, equipment is issued, administrative tasks are accomplished, and human resource paperwork is completed.
2. UWPD Academy (formerly Integration Week). The UWPD Academy will integrate core department principles and philosophies over the course of two weeks. New officers will be supervised by a PTO and train in a controlled environment set up to challenge their newly learned skills in a more practical training environment covering many aspects of being a police officer at UWPD. Officers will have to utilize the PTO process each day and begin journaling their training experience. They will also be evaluated similar to what they can expect during their formal PTO training. This will help them integrate into the PTO program and become adjusted from what they were just doing in the academy to what we are expecting at UWPD. The structure would be co-coordinated by UWPD Field Services management and the UWPD Training Unit.
3. Phase A. The probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Officer as during Integration Week for a minimum of 100 but preferably 120 hours for training and learning focused on the Substantive Topic of Non-Emergency Incident Response.
4. Phase B. The probationary officer is assigned a Police Training Officer as during phase one for a minimum of 100 but preferably 120 hours for training and learning focused on the Substantive Topic of Patrol Operations.
5. Mid Term Evaluation Week (40 hours). The probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Evaluator.
6. Phase C. The probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Officer for a minimum of 100 but preferably 120 hours for training and learning focused on the Substantive Topic of Emergency Incident Response.
7. Phase D. The probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Officer as during phase three, for a minimum of 100 but preferably 120 hours for training and learning focused on the Substantive Topic of Criminal Investigations.
8. The four phases of training, Phase A, Phase B, Phase C, and Phase D are interchangeable and do not necessarily need to be completed in that order. It is preferable that Phase A and Phase B be completed before the Mid Term evaluation and Phase C and Phase D are completed after, but the phases may be completed in a different order as needed based on the schedules of available trainers.
9. During the Final Evaluation Week (40 hours), the probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Evaluator. The Police Training Evaluator has the discretion to be in plain clothes or in uniform and the trainee is in uniform.
10. For the balance of the probationary period, the probationary officer is assigned to a shift and assumes the duties of a regular officer. The probationary officer shall periodically be assigned to a Police Training Officer for the purpose of performance review. The probationary officer shall be required to complete a Probationary Problem that meets acceptable standards. The probationary officer may be required to complete a self-evaluation report. If at any time during the probationary period, the probationary officer is not performing at a satisfactory level, a recommendation for additional training, Prescriptive Training Plan (PTP), or other project may be made. If after completing the additional training and assignments the probationary officer is unable to perform at a satisfactory level, a recommendation for termination may be initiated.

33.3.4 SECURITY TRAINING AND EVALUATION PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- A. The Security Training and Evaluation Unit Coordinator shall ensure that the required training and evaluations of the trainee are completed during each of the training weeks.
- B. Successful completion of each of the weeks is necessary to move on to the next training week. The following outlines the training weeks of the security training and evaluation program:
 1. Orientation Week. (40 hours). During orientation week, equipment is issued, administrative tasks are accomplished, and human resource paperwork is completed. This week is not evaluated.
 2. Integration Week/Chazen/Primates. (40 hours). During integration week, the probationary officer is assigned to an initial Security Training Officer. This week prepares the trainee to report for duty, to become familiar with the Department, to begin developing relationships within the organization, to learn about the Security Training Officer Program components and process. This week is not evaluated.
 3. Route/HSLC/Access Control/Training. The probationary officer is assigned to a Security Training Officer(s) as during Integration Week, for five weeks (200 hours) for training on routes and learning, focused on core competencies. Each week is evaluated and requires documentation of understanding in order to move on to the

next week. End of the week evaluation meeting will be conducted each week with the Training Officer, Trainee and the STO Coordinator or designated Supervisor.

4. Final Evaluation Week (40 hours). The probationary officer is assigned to a Security Training Officer. The Security Training Officer can be in plain clothes and the trainee is in uniform. This week is evaluated.
5. Phase Five (balance of probationary period). The probationary officer is assigned to a shift and assumes the duties of a regular officer. If at any time during the probationary period the probationary officer is not performing at a satisfactory level, a recommendation for termination may be initiated
6. The assigned training officer and trainee shall complete at least one logbook entry (CCL) during each day of evaluated training. The logbook entries shall be reviewed daily by the training officer and weekly by the designated training supervisor.
7. An activity report shall be completed at the end of training by the training officer and the trainee and is then reviewed by the designated training supervisor for each training and evaluation period (i.e., 40-hour period) during the duration of each week of training.
8. Security trainees are assigned an Activity Report Problem at the start of training and are expected to present the final solution on their last day of training.
9. The Final Evaluation Report is completed by the training officer and reviewed by the trainee and designated training supervisor on the last day of the Final Evaluation Week.
10. Checkout rides are assigned to a Lead officer or the STO Coordinator during the probation period to ensure the Trainee is continuing the required responsibilities of a Security Officer.
11. STO Coordinator will request the Trainee to complete a training evaluation for each of the weeks of training. This will evaluate each of the Trainers and provide assessment of the overall training experience.

33.3.5 LAW ENFORCEMENT DISPATCHER TRAINING AND EVALUATION PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- A. The Dispatch Training and Evaluation Unit Coordinator shall ensure the required training and evaluations of the trainee are completed during each of the phases.
- B. The following outlines the phases of the training and evaluation program:
 1. Orientation and Integration Week. During orientation uniforms are issued, administrative tasks are accomplished, and human resources paperwork is completed. During integration passwords are assigned, the Communication Training Program components and process are discussed, the chronicling process is started, and technology is taught to ensure the trainee is ready to start training in Phase A. The trainee shall also be provided a Learning Activity Package on Emotional Intelligence, to be completed by the end of the week.
 2. A meeting will be held with the training officer, probationary LED, and the Law Enforcement Dispatch Supervisor (in certain circumstances, the Law Enforcement Dispatch Manager or Security/Patrol supervisors may assist with these meetings) at the end of each training week. A review of progress will be discussed and documented. The beginning of each new phase will be contingent on the successful completion of the prior phase. Extensions and additional training will be considered on an as needed basis.
 3. Phase A. The probationary LED is assigned to a Communication Training Officer for three weeks (120 hours). Phase A training focuses on Non-Emergency Call Handling. Daily chronicling will be completed with an Activity Report being completed by the training officer at the end of the three weeks.
 4. Phase B. The probationary LED is assigned a new Communication Training Officer on a different shift for two weeks (80 hours) before another two weeks (80-hours) with a different trainer on an opposite shift, for a total of four weeks (160 hours). This phase focuses on all of the alarm systems used on a daily basis in the Communication Center (Metasys, Manitou, SA, Lenel and GTRI). Daily chronicling will be completed with an Activity Report being completed by the training officer at the end of the three weeks.
 5. Phase C. The probationary LED is assigned to a new Communication Training Officer for four weeks (160 hours) for training and learning focused on Emergency Call intake, the incident command system and COOP / EOP / EOC. Daily chronicling will be completed with an Activity Report being completed by the training officer at the end of the four weeks.

6. Phase D. The probationary LED is assigned to a Communication Training Officer for two weeks. The goal of Phase D is self-reflection and self-directed training. The probationary LED and training officer will collaboratively evaluate overall performance to determine the areas they will focus on during this time to prepare for the final evaluation week. Daily chronicling will be completed during this week.
7. Final Evaluation Week (40 hours). The probationary LED is assigned to a Communication Training Evaluator. The Communication Training Evaluator is in plain clothes and the trainee is in uniform. The CTE shall evaluate and determine if the probationary LED is proficient in each competency of their training. Daily observation reports will be completed and a final evaluation of all of the core competencies will be done at the end of the week. At the end of this week the CTE and Leds will make a recommendation on granting the probationary LED solo dispatch.
8. Probationary Period. The probationary LED is assigned to a shift and assumes the duties of a regular LED. The probationary LED shall periodically be assigned to a Communication Training Officer for the purpose of performance review. The probationary LED will be assigned a comprehensive Activity Report Problem (ARP) to complete, along with a probationary project focused on cross-training personnel in the intricacies of the Communication Center. The probationary LED may be required to complete a self-evaluation report. If at any time during the probationary period, the probationary LED is not performing at a satisfactory level, a recommendation for termination may be initiated.

33.3.6 EVALUATION PROCESS FOR POLICE

The following shall govern program components specific to the evaluation process for police training:

1. The assigned training officer and trainee shall complete at least one logbook entry during each day of training during phases A-D. The logbook entries shall be reviewed daily by the training officer and weekly by the designated training supervisor.
2. An activity report shall be completed at the end of each phase by the training officer and the trainee and is then reviewed by the designated training supervisor for each training and evaluation period (i.e., 100-hour period) during phases A-D.
3. Two ARPS shall be completed by the trainee, and reviewed by the training officer, designated training supervisor, and others as deemed necessary.
4. The Prescriptive Training Plan assigned during the Integration Week are completed by the trainee and reviewed by the training officer prior to the end of the week. Any additional assigned Prescriptive Training Plan shall be completed by the trainee during an assigned timeframe and reviewed by the training officer and the designated training supervisor.
5. The Mid-Term Evaluation Report is completed by the Training Evaluator and reviewed by the trainee and designated training supervisor on the last day of the Mid-Term Evaluation Week.
6. The Final Evaluation Report is completed by the training evaluator and reviewed by the trainee and designated training supervisor on the last day of the Final Evaluation Week.
7. The Board of Evaluators shall convene and evaluate the trainee at the end of the Final Evaluation Week, or at any point during the training process at the request of the current training officer or training evaluator.

33.3.7 SELECTION PROCESS FOR TRAINERS

The following shall govern the selection process for training and evaluation officers or law enforcement dispatch trainers:

- A. When a vacancy exists, information regarding the vacancy shall be distributed electronically to all qualifying department personnel. Any Police Officer-1, Police Dispatcher-1 or Security Officer-1 may apply to the vacancy by submitting an application through established means.
- B. The selection process for trainers (Police Officer-2, Police Dispatcher-2, and Security Officer-2) shall include a review of application and an interview process which may include community members and supervisor recommendations.

- C. Police officer applicants shall have, at minimum, the following qualifications to be selected for the position of PTO:
 - 1. Successful completion of the probationary period as a police officer for the UWPD.
 - 2. Strong performance in a competitive interview process.
 - 3. Acceptable Department performance evaluations; and
 - 4. Once selected as a PTO, officers must have two years of patrol experience with UWPD prior to being utilized as a trainer.
- D. Security officer applicants shall have, at minimum, the following qualifications:
 - 1. Twelve (12) months employment as a security officer. This may be waived at the discretion of the Chief.
 - 2. Acceptable Department performance evaluations.
- E. Law Enforcement Dispatcher applicants shall have, at minimum, the following qualifications:
 - 1. Eighteen (18) months employment as a dispatcher with this Department. This may be waived at the discretion of the Chief.
 - 2. Acceptable Department performance evaluations.
- F. All qualified applicants shall be interviewed by a panel composed of three members from the Training and Evaluation Unit, one of whom is an active training and evaluation officer.
- G. Final selection for police and security training officers shall be made by the Training and Evaluation Unit Manager with approval from the Assistant Chief of Operations and the Field Services Captain. Final selection for LED training officers shall be made by the LEDM with approval from the Assistant Chief of Operations and the Field Services Captain. Selected trainers shall receive formal training prior to being assigned probationary personnel. To maintain and increase their overall job knowledge, trainers shall receive in-service training during cadre meetings and/or during quarterly in-service training sessions.
- H. Upon selection, applicants shall be promoted to the rank of Police Officer-2, Security Officer-2 and Police Dispatcher-2 and are subject to a probationary period determined by the Chief of Police or designee.

33.3.8 ACCELERATED TRAINING FOR SWORN OFFICERS WITH PRIOR SERVICE

- 1. Sworn officers with prior service may be eligible to complete an accelerated PTO program, provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. The officer will possess certification as a law enforcement officer in the State of Wisconsin prior to beginning PTO.
 - b. The officer has served as a sworn law enforcement officer in a full-time capacity within the three (3) years preceding the date of hire.
 - c. The officer has successfully completed a probationary period at their previous agency/organization(s) of employment.
- 2. The Training and Evaluation Unit Manager may recommend a prior service officer complete the full PTO program due to inadequate demonstration of the core competency learning outcomes in the accelerated program. This recommendation may be mandated by the Captain of Field Services.
- 3. Prior service officers may request to complete the full PTO program in lieu of the accelerated program.
- 4. Successful completion of each phase is required for the prior service officer to move on to the next training phase. The following outlines the phases of the accelerated police training and evaluation program:
 - a. Orientation Week. During orientation week, equipment is issued, administrative tasks are accomplished, and human resource paperwork is completed.
 - b. UWPD Academy (formerly Integration Week). The UWPD Academy will integrate core department principles and philosophies over the course of two weeks. New officers will be supervised by a PTO and train in a controlled environment, set up to challenge their skills in a practical training environment covering aspects of being a police officer at UWPD. The structure of the academy for prior service officers may vary slightly from the structure provided to officers with no sworn law enforcement experience. These adjustments will be made on an as-needed basis. The structure will be co-coordinated by UWPD Field Services management and the UWPD Training Unit.

- c. Phases of training. The prior service probationary officer will be required to complete a minimum of 240 hours of training while assigned to a Police Training Officer. These hours will cover the substantive topics of Non-Emergency Incident Response, Patrol Operations, Emergency Incident Response, and Criminal Investigations. The Orientation week, final week, and the UWPD mini-academy shall not be included in these hours.
 - d. Final Evaluation. During the Final Evaluation Week (40 hours), the prior service probationary officer is assigned to a Police Training Evaluator. The Police Training Evaluator has the discretion to be in plain clothes or in uniform and the trainee is in uniform.
- 5. The following shall govern program components specific to the evaluation process for prior service police training:
 - a. The PTO shall complete a logbook for the trainee which documents daily activities and performance. The trainee is not required to complete a daily logbook. Logbook entries shall be reviewed weekly by a police training supervisor.
 - b. A supervisor's weekly review form shall be completed for each week of training. Supervisors shall not complete this form without speaking to the assigned PTO.
 - c. Prescriptive Training Plans may be assigned as needed by the trainer and as approved by the Training Unit Coordinator or Manager.
 - d. The Final Evaluation Report is completed by the training evaluator and reviewed by the trainee and designated training supervisor on the last day of the Final Evaluation Week.
 - e. All Training Reference Guides shall be signed in PowerDMS prior to the trainee being placed into their formal assignment.
 - f. The final decision to assign the prior service officer to their formal duties shall be made by the Captain of Field Services, upon the recommendation of the Training Unit Coordinator and/or Manager.
- 6. Prior service officers hired at a rank other than PO I, PO II, or Detective shall be assigned primary trainers equal to their rank or higher.
- 7. Prior service officers may be assigned their shift and assume duties in their assigned role without completing the UWPD Academy, provided it is completed prior to the completion of their probationary period.
- 8. Accelerated training requirements may be adjusted at the written direction of the Captain of Field Services.