POLICY:
The UW-Madison Police Department is committed to the development and perpetuation of proactive community crime prevention programs. All employees play a role in the success of the crime prevention effort. The Department shall implement procedures that attempt to identify, prioritize, and work to resolve contemporary community problems. The goal is to improve the quality of life in the community.

DEFINITIONS:
“Community” refers to a group of any size where members work, study, or live within a specific geographic locality, share government, and often have common interests or needs.

“Community policing” is a philosophy that promotes organizational strategies, and supports the systematic use of partnerships and problem solving techniques, to proactively address the immediate conditions that give rise to public safety issues such as crime, social disorder, and fear of crime.

“Crime prevention” refers to any initiative or policy which reduces or eliminates the aggregate level of victimization or the risk of individual criminal participation. It includes community-based programs to reduce the incidence of risk factors related to criminal participation and the rate of victimization, as well as efforts to change perceptions.

PROCEDURE:
45.1.1 CRIME PREVENTION PRIORITIES

A. The Department is committed to crime prevention as a Department-wide philosophy, not just a specific program. All employees play a role in the Department crime prevention efforts. Consequently, the success of Department crime prevention strategies and tactics depend on all personnel working together in partnership with the community. Specific crime-prevention programs, which are intended to reduce the incidence of criminal activity in a community, shall be developed, implemented and maintained by Department members.

B. Programs shall be developed to address community perceptions or misperceptions of crime. While this involvement may take many forms, these efforts may include but are not limited to the following:
   1. Safety education programs, which provide preventative education on building and personal safety issues for all age groups.
   2. Badger Watch, which provides education in crime prevention strategies on crimes specific to particular areas.
   3. Citizens’ Academy which exposes community members to a variety of Department functions.

C. The Investigative Services Captain or designee shall utilize crime data to identify crime activity by crime type and geographic area. Such information shall be used by field services in targeting crime prevention methods.
D. Crime prevention programs shall be evaluated by the Field Services Captain or designee on an annual basis with appropriate recommendations documented and forwarded to the Chief of Police.

45.1.2 LIAISON WITH CRIME PREVENTION GROUPS

A. Community police officers shall maintain active roles in community interest and civic organizations with an emphasis on the positive exchange of police and citizen concerns. Any Department employee who has special training or knowledge may be assigned to present a program to the community.

B. The Day Shift Patrol Sergeant or designee coordinates the Badger Watch program. Community police officers shall meet with Badger Watch participants and address concerns pertaining to security, safety, and policing efforts in their respective buildings.

C. The Day Shift Lieutenant and/or the Investigative Services Captain may organize other crime prevention groups or problem solving measures using crime analysis as a guiding factor.

45.1.3 CRIME PREVENTION INPUT

A. The Department shall provide crime prevention input into the development and/or revision of zoning policies, building codes, fire codes, and residential/building permits. The Infrastructure Security Unit shall be proactively involved in this process as an integral element in ensuring that crime prevention concerns from the law enforcement perspective are addressed prior to legal enactment or construction.

B. The Infrastructure Security Unit shall maintain a close working relationship with personnel from the Madison Fire Department, Facilities Planning and Management, Environmental Health and Safety, the Dean of Students Office, UW Housing, and state and federal regulatory commissions.

45.1.4 CAMPUS LIAISON PROGRAM

The Department has established a campus liaison program with the University residence halls to build positive relationships and establish trust and confidence among students, housing, staff and police and to provide a forum for education on safety and security related issues. The following procedures have been developed

A. The Campus Liaison Program shall be staffed primarily by police officers from second and third shifts. The number of officers and residence halls involved in the program may change from year to year based on recommendations by UW Housing and police supervisors, and staffing levels.

B. The Campus Liaison Program Coordinator shall be assigned by a Night Shift Lieutenant.

C. Liaison officers shall report directly to the program coordinator with issues related to the position or program.

D. Officers are expected to promote an educational liaison type of relationship with students and staff in their respective units. Although the number and designation of target areas may change from year to year, officers may be expected at times to take part in programs in other areas outside their primary area of responsibility, upon request.

E. Liaison officers are expected to attend liaison officer meetings and to notify the program coordinator if they are unable to attend.

F. If liaison officers have activities to attend in their unit or desire to spend time in their unit on a specific date, the shift supervisor should be advised in advance, if possible. Officers involved in this program shall be allowed to flex their hours on a voluntary basis, when staffing levels permit, in order to make themselves available for functions or presentations which may take place on otherwise off-duty time. If staffing levels do not permit such flexibility, any overtime must be approved by the coordinator or another supervisor.

G. Liaison officers shall be expected to keep their coordinator informed of important issues, and to maintain a calendar log of activities related to his or her area.

45.1.5 COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT FUNCTION
A. The Community Officer/Special Events Sergeant directs and implements specific crime prevention, community education, problem solving, and community involvement activities. The community policing unit tasks include the following:

1. Establishing liaison with existing community organizations or establishing community groups where they are needed.
2. Assisting in the development of community involvement policies for the Department.
3. Publicizing Department objectives, community problems and successes.
4. Conveying information transmitted from citizen organizations to the Department.
5. Improving Department practices bearing on policy and community interactions.

B. Although all employees of the Department are responsible for maintaining favorable community involvement, community policing personnel shall have primary responsibility for community involvement programming. Each community officer shall attempt to identify, prioritize, and work to resolve contemporary problems such as crime, drugs, fear of crime, and social and physical disorder, with the goal of improving the quality of life in the community.

C. Geographical areas shall be defined for each community officer assignment.

D. Each designated geographical area shall be staffed by a community officer selected specifically for that area through a selection process. The selection process and duration of assignment is discussed in department directive 16.2.

E. Community needs shall dictate the work days and hours of the community police officer’s assignment. The officer must be willing to vary days and hours in order to meet the needs of the community. Community officer work schedules are kept current, maintained, and approved by their supervisor. Community officers may occasionally be assigned to assist patrol if operational needs require the assistance.

F. Community officers are responsible for a variety of duties that include, but are not limited to:

1. The safety and security needs of the community members within the assigned area by allowing community members to define problems and identify issues of concern.
2. Research, develop and conduct presentations on topics of concern within the community.
3. Use community input and Department crime prevention resources to develop materials and training programs aimed at reducing crime and the perceptions of crime.
4. Problem-solve ongoing safety and security issues within the community.
5. Become an active and involved member of the community, willing to serve in organizations and on committees as appropriate.
6. Assist with security surveys as requested, gather and share intelligence with patrol shifts, security officers, and detectives.
7. Liaison with other law enforcement and civilian entities to facilitate information sharing.
8. Respond to calls for service when available and provide appropriate levels of enforcement within the community when necessary.
9. Conduct case follow-up as assigned.
10. Follow-up within the community as desired or assigned.
11. Prepare, coordinate, and disseminate tasks to be completed on a quarterly basis. A quarterly summary of accomplishments and activities is required and shall be forwarded to their supervisor.
12. Maintain office space and Department supplied equipment and supplies in a professional manner.
13. Participation in the Badger Watch program, which is a key duty for the community officer assignment.
14. Participation in community involved specialty teams, including but not limited to: CARE Team, BIT Team, etc.

45.1.6 COMMUNITY INPUT PROCESS

A. The agency maintains a collaborative community involvement function that accomplishes the following:

1. Identifies current community concerns;
2. Identifies potential problems that have a bearing on law enforcement activities within the community;
3. Develops recommended actions addressing concerns and problems;
4. A statement of progress made toward addressing concerns and problems;
5. Quarterly Reporting to the Chief by the Captain of Field Services or designee.

45.1.7 SURVEY OF CITIZEN ATTITUDES
A. A survey of citizen attitudes and opinions shall be conducted at a minimum of every two years with respect to the following:
   1. Overall agency performance.
   2. Overall competency of agency employees.
   3. Citizens’ perceptions of officers’ attitudes and behaviors.
   4. Community concern over safety and security within the agency’s service area.
   5. Citizens’ recommendations and suggestions for improvements.

B. The Director of Communications or designee shall carry out the survey.

C. The results of the survey of citizens’ attitudes shall be compiled, with a written summary, and provided to the Chief of Police. Survey results should be made available to the community when deemed appropriate.

45.1.8 COMMUNITY RIDE-ALONG PROGRAM

A. Authorization for ride-alongs must be cleared in advance by the ride-along coordinator or Officer In Charge (OIC).

B. All persons riding in or driving State vehicles are required to use the appropriate safety restraints, except when a tactical situation would make it impractical.

C. The person riding along shall wear Department issued identification.

D. Ride-along Waiver shall be completed and turned in to the ride-along coordinator.

E. A ride-along is prohibited from entering any residence without the expressed consent of the resident.

F. There is a limit of two ride-alongs per person per year without prior authorization from the Field Services Captain.

G. Ride-alongs shall be granted according to established Department priorities. These priorities are maintained by the Ride-along Coordinator.

45.1.10 SECURITY CRIME PREVENTION SERVICES

The following outlines crime prevention services performed by the security division:

A. Infrastructure Security officers are trained to perform security surveys of buildings on and off campus when requested. Surveys of campus buildings often take the form of a “complete building check” (CBC) which involves a review of an entire building and a report on any security discrepancies that are found. Staff assigned to conduct security surveys shall be appropriately trained and certified.

B. Officers shall complete reviews of exterior lighting on campus, both quantity and quality, and report any deficiencies for repair or remediation.

C. Security officers may engage in concentrated area patrols, alone or with police officers, in parts of the campus that have been shown to have a higher risk of illegal behavior.

D. Security officers work in close partnership with Police and Police Community Officers as well as Infrastructure Security to help maintain a safe campus, conducive to its teaching mission.